

BBA Semester – VI  
Project Management  
July- August 2020 Examination

- Q 1. Balance of Payment situation refers to exploiting opportunities in which environment?
- Economic Environment
  - Technological Environment
  - Governmental Environment
  - Socio-demographic Environment
- Q 2. Which of the following is NOT a source of Project Idea?
- Attending Trade Fairs
  - Analysis of Economic & Social Trends
  - Identifying unfulfilled psychological needs
  - Increase Production.
- Q 3. Compatibility with the promoter is a part of \_\_\_\_\_?
- Secondary Screening
  - Idea Generation
  - Preliminary Screening
  - None of these
- Q 4. The cost structure of proposed project must consider \_\_\_\_\_.
- Cost of Material Inputs
  - Labour Costs
  - Factory Overheads
  - All of these
- Q 5. To judge the adequacy of market which of this is NOT relevant?
- Total Present Domestic Market
  - Competitors and their market shares
  - Export Market
  - Labour Market
- Q 6. Competition from Imports is a proposed risk for new project.
- True
  - False
  - Can't say
- Q 7. What is to be prepared as a first step to avail finance for a new project?
- Detailed Report
  - Project Report
  - Promoter's bio-data
  - Summary
- Q 8. With respect to a project resources refer to :
- Man power
  - Machinery
  - Materials
  - All of the above

- Q 9. Traditionally Indian Business had shortage of inputs like Power, Foreign Exchange, Important Raw Material, Supply of Agricultural Raw materials etc.
- True
  - False
- Q 10. NewProject Idea may be generated by thinking along:
- Modification
  - Rearrangement
  - Reversal
  - All of the above
- Q 11. Projected Cash flow is mentioned in which part of the Project Report?
- Summary
  - Financial Details
  - Production Process
  - Technical Arrangements
- Q 12. Which of the following is NOT the facet of Project Analysis?
- Market Analysis
  - Fundamental Analysis
  - Financial Analysis
  - Technical Analysis
- Q 13. Which one of the following is NOT a part to study under Market Appraisal?
- Customers
  - Government
  - Competitors
  - Middlemen
- Q 14. Readymade Project Reports are available with \_\_\_\_\_.
- GSFC
  - GIIC
  - Banks
  - All of the above
- Q 15. Questionnaire is a source of \_\_\_\_\_ data.
- Primary
  - Secondary
  - Detailed
  - None of the above
- Q 16. A Market Researcher in India has to contend with....
- Heterogeneity of the country
  - Multiplicity of Languages
  - Design of Questionnaire
  - All of these
- Q 17. Census of India is a publication of \_\_\_\_\_
- RBI
  - SBI
  - Government of India
  - Supreme Court of India

- Q 18. National Sample Survey Reports are issued by \_\_\_\_\_
- Cabinet Secretariat
  - Trade Bodies
  - RBI
  - Trade Unions
- Q 19. For a Market Research only Census Survey is done and no Sample Survey is necessary.
- True
  - False
- Q 20. Non representativeness of the sample may .....
- make the survey accurate
  - weaken the results of Market Survey
  - enhance the results of the Market Survey
  - None of the above
- Q 21. Jute Chronicle is a source of Secondary Information for which Industry?
- Pharmaceutical
  - Automobile
  - Infrastructure
  - Textile
- Q 22. Which of the following is an Attitudinal Characteristic of a Consumer?
- Preference
  - Habits
  - Attitude
  - All of the above
- Q 23. Which of the following is NOT a Demographic Characteristic of a Consumer?
- Response
  - Gender
  - Income
  - Age
- Q 24. Which of these is not a method of Demand Forecasting?
- Qualitative Methods
  - Time Series Projection Methods
  - Causal Methods
  - Financial Methods
- Q 25. Delphi Method is which type of Demand Forecasting Method?
- Qualitative
  - Time Series Projection
  - Causal
  - None of these
- Q 26. Which of the following is not a Causal Method for Demand Forecasting?
- Chain Ratio Method
  - Exponential Smoothing Method
  - Leading Indicator Method

- d. Econometric Method
- Q 27. Which of the following is NOT considered while making choice of technology?
- a. Plant Capacity
  - b. Mineral Product
  - c. Principle Inputs
  - d. Ease of Absorption
- Q 28. Coal is which type of raw material?
- a. Agricultural
  - b. Mineral
  - c. Live Stock and Forest
  - d. Marine
- Q 29. Which of the following is NOT a Processed Industrial Material and Component?
- a. Base Metals
  - b. Manufactured Parts
  - c. Spare parts
  - d. Jute
- Q 30. Which of the following is NOT a Utility?
- a. Land
  - b. Power
  - c. Water
  - d. Fuel
- Q 31. Plant Capacity is affected by.....
- a. Technological Requirement
  - b. Input Constraints
  - c. Investment Cost
  - d. All of the above
- Q 32. Proximity to raw materials & markets is a factor that affects \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Technology
  - b. Location & Site
  - c. a & b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 33. Which of the following is NOT a category of Structures and Civil Works of a Project?
- a. Procurement of Machinery
  - b. Site Preparation and Development
  - c. Buildings and Structures
  - d. Outdoor works
- Q 34. In a labour intensive project which are the factors to be considered?
- a. Availability of Skilled, Semi-skilled and Unskilled Labour
  - b. Prevailing Labour Rates
  - c. Degree of Unionization
  - d. All of the above
- Q 35. Statement of Cash Flows includes
- a. Financing Activities
  - b. Operating Activities

- c. Investing Activities
  - d. All of the above
- Q 36. In Cash Flows, when a firm invests in fixed assets and short-term financial investments it results in
- a. Increased Equity
  - b. Increased Liability
  - c. Decreased Cash
  - d. Increased Cash
- Q 37. A firm that issues stocks and bonds to raise funds results in
- a. Decreases Cash
  - b. Increases Cash
  - c. Increases Equity
  - d. None of Above
- Q 38. The basic Financial Statements include
- a. Statement of Cash Flows
  - b. Statement of Retained Earnings
  - c. Statement of Fund Flows
  - d. None of the above
- Q 39. The statement of Cash Flow clarifies cash flows according to
- a. Operating and Non-operating Flows
  - b. Inflow and Outflow
  - c. Investing and Non-operating Flows
  - d. Operating, Investing and Financing Activities
- Q 40. If there is an increase in Current Assets,....
- a. Cash flow decreases
  - b. Cash flow increases
  - c. Cash flow remains unchanged
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 41. Cash Flow Statement does not fully reveal the soundness or otherwise of the financial position of the business.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 42. When liability increases, it is \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Source of Funds
  - b. Application of Funds
  - c. Decrease in Investments
  - d. None of above
- Q 43. Which of the below is NOT an application of funds?
- a. Operating Profit
  - b. Purchase of Fixed Assets
  - c. Repayment of Loans or Debentures
  - d. Operating Losses
- Q 44. Which of the below financial statements is static and shows the state of Assets and Liabilities on a particular date?

- a. Cash Flow Statement
  - b. Funds Flow Statement
  - c. Profit and Loss Statement
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 45. Working Capital = \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Total Assets- Total Liabilities
  - b. Current Assets – Current Liabilities
  - c. Assets – Long-term Bank Borrowings
  - d. Debt – Assets
- Q 46. Which statement is prepared in the process of Funds Flow Analysis?
- a. Schedule of Changes in Working Capital
  - b. Ratio Analysis
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 47. Funds Flow Statements are prepared so as to
- a. Identify the changes in Working Capital
  - b. Identify reasons behind change in Working Capital
  - c. Know the item-wise inflow and outflow of funds during given period
  - d. All of the above
- Q 48. Bond, Debentures and Term Loans fall under
- a. Current Assets
  - b. Non-current Assets
  - c. Non-current Liabilities
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 49. Which of the following is NOT a Preoperative Expense?
- a. Establishment Expense
  - b. Travelling Expense
  - c. Insurance Charges
  - d. Raw Material Expenses
- Q 50. Which of the following is NOT a mean / source of Project Finance?
- a. Term Loan
  - b. Debentures
  - c. Overdraft
  - d. Share Capital
- Q 51. Which of the following is an example of owned capital?
- a. Equity Shares
  - b. Preference Shares
  - c. Debentures
  - d. a and b
- Q 52. Major components of cost of production are:
- a. Material Cost
  - b. Utilities and Labour Cost
  - c. Factory overhead Cost
  - d. All of the Above

- Q 53. Which one of the following is a Working Capital Advance?
- Cash Credits
  - Letter of Credit
  - Purchase / discount bills
  - All of the Above
- Q 54. Higher Debt Service Coverage Ratio denotes
- Higher Chances of getting a Loan
  - Lower Chances of getting a Loan
  - No Requirement of a Loan at all
  - None of the Above
- Q 55. Term Loan is \_\_\_\_\_ borrowing.
- Unsecured
  - Secured
  - Clean
  - None of the Above
- Q 56. If Project is accepted for Term Loan, Bankers issue a \_\_\_\_\_
- Letter of Credit
  - Letter of Advance
  - Letter of Sanction
  - Letter of Acceptance
- Q 57. Once the loan is disbursed the bank monitors the project by
- Regular Reports furnished by the borrower
  - Periodic site visit
  - Discussion with Promoters, Suppliers, Creditors etc.
  - All of the above
- Q 58. Which are the warning signals of industrial unit sickness?
- Continuous irregularity in Cash Credit Account
  - Low Capacity Utilization
  - Failure to pay statutory liabilities
  - All of the Above
- Q 59. Which of the following has no role in a remedy to Industrial Unit Sickness?
- Government
  - Financial Institution
  - Industry Association
  - Customers
- Q 60. Which is an external cause of Industrial Unit Sickness?
- Non availability of skilled personnel
  - Lack of Finance
  - Bad Production Policies
  - Wrong Marketing Policies
- Q 61. Which is an internal cause of Industrial Unit Sickness?
- Ineffective Corporate Management
  - Inappropriate Personnel Management
  - Lack of Promoter's Experience

- d. All of the Above
- Q 62. Revival package of a sick unit includes
  - a. Provision of Additional Financial Assistance
  - b. Settlement with Creditors
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 63. BIFR stands for
  - a. Bureau of Industrial and Financial Resources
  - b. Board of Industrial and Financial Reconstruction
  - c. Board of Investment and Financial Reconstruction
  - d. Bureau of Investment and Financial Resources
- Q 64. Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India was set up in which year?
  - a. 1985
  - b. 1986
  - c. 1987
  - d. 1988
- Q 65. Sick Industrial Companies Act was passed in which year?
  - a. 1983
  - b. 1984
  - c. 1985
  - d. 1986
- Q 66. Revival of a sick unit is necessary because,
  - a. The Project may be in a sector that is vital to economy
  - b. Many ancillary units may be dependent on the unit
  - c. Banks and Financial Institutions would have locked up their money in the unit.
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 67. Industrial Sickness is a matter of serious national concern because it affects
  - a. The Owners and Employees
  - b. Creditors and Suppliers
  - c. Adversely to the National Resources and creates social unrest
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 68. Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India was established with which specific objective from the below?
  - a. To assist the rehabilitation of Sick Units
  - b. To assist the Government
  - c. To assist construction projects.
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 69. Which of the following can be objective of a Term Loan?
  - a. For Setting up the new Projects.
  - b. Expansion of existing Projects
  - c. Modernization or Renovation of Projects.
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 70. Which is the principle objective for Project Monitoring?
  - a. To find out opportunities for further advances

- b. To ensure timely recovery of dues
  - c. To establish good lender-borrower relationship.
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 71. Strategic decisions regarding a Project are taken by
- a. Middle level Management
  - b. Employees
  - c. Top Management
  - d. None of the Above
- Q.72 Which of the following is not a key phase of Capital Budgeting for a Project?
- a. Planning
  - b. Analysis
  - c. Selection
  - d. Motivation
- Q 73. Idea generation exercises for a new Project includes study of government guidelines.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 74. For generating a new project idea which of the below is relevant for an entrepreneur?
- a. Analyse economic and social trend
  - b. Draw clues from consumption abroad
  - c. Study new technological developments
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 75. Which of the below is not a resource for a project?
- a. Manpower
  - b. Capital
  - c. Budget
  - d. Machinery
- Q 76. Which of the factors should be considered for acceptable risk level at preliminary screening level?
- a. Vulnerability to business cycles
  - b. Technological Changes
  - c. Competition from imports
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 77. To judge adequacy of market during Preliminary Screening which of the following is a factor to be examined?
- a. Total present domestic market
  - b. Price
  - c. Product features
  - d. Quality of the product
- Q 78. Which of the following is not a base for demographic segmentation of the market?
- a. Gender
  - b. Age
  - c. Attitude
  - d. Family structure
- Q 79. Which of the below can cause a difficulty in getting license for a new project?

- a. Lack of consistency with National Priority
  - b. Adverse Environmental Effects
  - c. Non availability of foreign exchange
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 80. India Year Book is a source of
- a. Primary Data
  - b. Secondary Data
  - c. Interim Data
  - d. Intermediate Data
- Q 81. India Year Book is an annual publication of \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Ministry of Finance
  - b. Commerce Ministry
  - c. Ministry of Information and Broadcasting
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 82. Statistical Year Book is an annual Publication of \_\_\_\_\_
- a. United Nations
  - b. WHO
  - c. UNICEF
  - d. World Bank
- Q 83. Who publishes Economic Survey?
- a. RBI
  - b. Ministry of Finance
  - c. Ministry of External Affairs
  - d. Ministry of Industry
- Q 84. Census provides information on
- a. Business Cycle
  - b. Industrial Development
  - c. Agriculture Output
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 85. RBI Bulletin provides information on
- a. Exchange Rates
  - b. Prices
  - c. Balance of Payment Position
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 86. Indian Textile Bulletin is published by \_\_\_\_\_
- a. Textile Commissioner
  - b. Ministry of Textile
  - c. Textile Mills Union
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 87. Which of the following is not one of the driving forces behind the increasing demand for Project Management?
- a. Compression of Product Life Cycle
  - b. Knowledge Explosion
  - c. More Emphasis on the Product and Less on the Customer

- d. Corporate Downsizing
- Q 88. In the initial stage of the project the probability of completing the project is\_\_\_\_\_
- a. Zero
  - b. High
  - c. Low
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 89. Which one of the following is NOT one of the principle sources which cause uncertainties and error in demand forecasting?
- a. Data about Past and Present Market
  - b. Methods of Forecasting
  - c. Environmental Changes
  - d. Government Policies
- Q 90. Which of the following are limitations of Demand Forecasting Methods?
- a. Inability to handle unquantifiable factors
  - b. Unrealistic Assumptions
  - c. Excessive Data Requirement
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 91. The choice of Product Mix is guided by
- a. Market Requirements
  - b. Market Inputs
  - c. Employee Requirements
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 92. Raw material can be classified in which of the below broad categories?
- a. Agricultural Products, Mineral Products, Live Stock & Forest Products, Marine Products
  - b. Agricultural Products, Plastic Products, Industrial Products, Forest and Marine Products
  - c. Agricultural Products, Mineral Products, Industrial Products, Marine Products
  - d. Agricultural Products, Mineral Products, Industrial Products, Live Stock and Forest Products
- Q 93. Lime Stone is which type of Raw Material?
- a. Agricultural Products
  - b. Mineral Products
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 94. Which of the following is NOT a mineral type of raw material?
- a. Iron
  - b. Bauxite
  - c. Castro Seeds
  - d. Zinc
- Q 95. Which of the following is auxiliary material and factory supply?
- a. Additives
  - b. Packaging Material
  - c. Oil and Grease

- d. All of the Above
- Q 96. Which of the following is a utility?
- a. Water
  - b. Land
  - c. Building
  - d. Machinery
- Q 97. Which of the following is NOT an equipment required for a project?
- a. Plant Equipment
  - b. Mechanical Equipment
  - c. Domestic Equipment
  - d. Electrical Equipment
- Q 98. Which of the below is a category of civil work for a project?
- a. Site Preparation and Development
  - b. Building and Structures
  - c. Outdoor Works
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 99. While calculating cost of imported machinery, which of the below needs to be considered?
- a. FOB Value
  - b. Shipping, Freight and Insurance Cost
  - c. Import Duty
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 100. Miscellaneous Fixed Assets include
- a. Furniture
  - b. Office Machinery and Equipment
  - c. Vehicles
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 101. Preliminary Expenses to start a project include
- a. Expense on Preparing the Feasibility Report
  - b. Expense on Raw Material
  - c. Salaries
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 102. The major components of Capital Issue expenses are
- a. Underwriting Commission
  - b. Brokerage
  - c. None of the Above
  - d. a and b
- Q 103. Listing Fee is which type of expense?
- a. Recurring Expense
  - b. Capital Issue Expense
  - c. Miscellaneous Expense
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 104. Which one of the below is not a preoperative expense?
- a. Establishment Expenses
  - b. Rent, Rates and Taxes

- c. Selling Expense
  - d. Travelling Expense
- Q 105. Public Deposits represent \_\_\_\_\_ borrowings.
- a. Secured
  - b. Unsecured
  - c. Deferred
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 106. Factory overheads include
- a. Rent
  - b. Taxes
  - c. Insurance on factory assets
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 107. The prices of material inputs are defined in CIF? What does CIF stand for?
- a. Cost, Investment and Fuel
  - b. Current Investment Flows
  - c. Cost, Insurance and Freight
  - d. Cost, Incentive and Freight
- Q 108. Which one of the following is a constituent of working capital requirement? Raw material and components
- a. Debtor
  - b. Operating expense
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 109. Which of the following is NOT a source of Working Capital?
- a. Cash Credit
  - b. Bonds
  - c. Trade Credit
  - d. Accruals and Provisions
- Q 110. Borrowing or incurring any Liability is a source of fund.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 111. Payment of Cash Dividend represents a source of fund.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 112. The analysis of funds can be called an analysis of the working capital.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 113. Which one of the following is an application of funds?
- a. Operating Losses
  - b. Operating Profit
  - c. Increase in Capital
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 114. If there is any decrease in current assets...
- a. Working capital decreases
  - b. Working capital increases
  - c. Fixed Assets decrease
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 115. Increase in working capital denotes....
- a. Source of Funds

- b. Source of Cash
  - c. Application of Funds
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 116. If we want to prepare the funds flow statement we should have...
- a. Balance sheets of two consecutive years
  - b. Funds flow statements of two consecutive years
  - c. Budget for next financial year
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 117. The liabilities side of the balance sheet shows the sources of finance employed by the business.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 118. Cash Flow statement is also known as
- a. Statement of Changes in Financial Position on cash basis
  - b. Statement accounting for variation in cash
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 119. The objectives of Cash Flow Statement are
- a. Analysis of cash position
  - b. Short term Cash Planning
  - c. Evaluation of Liquidity
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 120. Features of Term Loan include
- a. Currency
  - b. Security
  - c. Interest and Principal payment
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 121. Usually assets which are financed with the Term Loan provide as a prime security against the Term Loan
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 122. As a part of Term Loan Procedure the detailed appraisal of project covers
- a. Marketing Aspects
  - b. Technical Aspects
  - c. Financial Aspects
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 123. Syndication is an arrangement for
- a. Marketing Support
  - b. Manpower Supply
  - c. Providing Long Term Finance to Projects
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 124. Once letter of sanction is issued, the borrower has to submit\_\_\_\_\_ after appropriate board resolution to avail the loan.
- a. Copy of the Board Meeting Minutes
  - b. Letter of Advances
  - c. Letter of Acceptance
  - d. Letter of Credit
- Q 125. Current assets are financed by
- a. Term Loan
  - b. Debentures
  - c. Working Capital Loan

d. Share Capital

Q 126. Debt Service Coverage Ratio =

a. 
$$\frac{\text{Net Operating Income}}{\text{Total Debt Service}}$$

b. 
$$\frac{\text{Operating Income}}{\text{Debt}}$$

c. 
$$\frac{\text{PAT}}{\text{Debt Service}}$$

d. None of the Above

Q 127. A DSCR < 1 indicates

- a. There is not enough cash flow to cover loan payments
- b. There is enough cash flow to cover loan payments
- c. Company does not need a loan
- d. None of the Above

Q 128. DSCR is a term most important to

- a. Employees
- b. Financers
- c. Customers
- d. None of the Above

Q 129. What is the full form of SIDBI

- a. State Industrial Development Bank of India
- b. Small Industrial Development Bank of India
- c. State Insurance Development Board of India
- d. Small Industries Debt Borrowing Institution

Q 130. Which one of the below is not a source of Project Finance?

- a. Debentures
- b. Bonds
- c. ECBs
- d. Overdraft facility

Q 131. Which one of the following was not set up with a motive of industrial finance?

- a. SIDBI
- b. IDBI
- c. IFCI
- d. IFFCO

Q 132. Low capacity utilization is a signal of \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. Enough raw Material
- b. Industrial Sickness
- c. Inadequate production capacity
- d. None of the Above

Q 133. Which of the following is not a signal of industrial sickness?

- a. Promoter being accused of a crime
- b. Continuous irregularities in Cash Credit Account
- c. Failure to pay Statutory Liabilities
- d. Rapid Turnover of Key Personnel

Q 134. Marketing Constraint is an internal source of Industrial Sickness.

- a. True
- b. False

Q 135. Which one of the following is NOT a Maha-Ratna Industry?

- a. GAIL
  - b. Coal India Limited
  - c. SAIL
  - d. Airports Authority of India
- Q 136. Ineffective corporate management leads to
- a. Improper performance of the unit
  - b. Industrial Sickness
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 137. Finance constraints arises because of
- a. Credit Restrain Policy
  - b. Delay in Disbursement of Loan by Government
  - c. Unfavourable Investment
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 138. Production constraints arise because of
- a. Shortage of Raw Material
  - b. Shortage of Power
  - c. High Prices of Fuel
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 139. Which one of the following can be a weakness in capital budgeting?
- a. Poor Alignment between Strategy and Capital Budgeting
  - b. Deficiencies in Analytical Techniques
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 140. The major deficiencies characterizing the labour markets in developing countries like India are
- a. Shortage of well trained people
  - b. Rigid labour laws
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 141. Which of the following has marginal exposure to Term Lending?
- a. Insurance Companies ( LIC & GIC)
  - b. Power Finance Corporation
  - c. IDFC
  - d. All of the Above
- Q 142. Debt restructuring and infusion of external funds for sick units is one of the remedial measures to overcome Industrial Sickness.
- a. True
  - b. False
- Q 143. Which one of the following is a role of BIFR?
- a. Securing the timely detection of Sick and Potentially Sick Companies
  - b. Speedy determination by group of experts about various measures to be taken in respect of sick company
  - c. Both a and b
  - d. None of the Above
- Q 144. For rehabilitating a sick unit, role of Industry Associations include
- a. Installed Capacity Utilisation in industry
  - b. Checking the growth trends
  - c. Checking the problems
  - d. All of the Above

- Q 145. Government Policies as an external cause of sickness includes
- Unfavourable Government Policies
  - Lack of Support from Government
  - Taxation and Licensing
  - All of the Above
- Q 146. What does IRBI stand for?
- Industrial Reconstruction Bank of India
  - Industrial Rehabilitation Bank of India
  - Industrial Refinance Bank of India
  - Industrial Revenue Bank of India
- Q 147. When a company has been financed by consortium of banks, who has to report to BIFR about the sickness?
- Lead Bank
  - Participating Banks
  - Company
  - None of the Above
- Q 148. Managers should manage their firm's resources with the prime objective of \_\_\_\_\_
- Employee Satisfaction
  - Fulfillment of Tax Obligations
  - Enhancing the firm's Market Value
  - None of the Above
- Q 149. Cotton is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ raw material.
- Mineral Product
  - Industrial Product
  - Marine Product
  - None of the Above
- Q 150. End use method of demand forecasting involves
- Identify the possible uses of product
  - Define the consumption coefficient of the Product for various uses
  - Both a and b
  - None of the above

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